

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)(i)	Diagram B	<b>1</b>
3(a)(ii)	Diagram A (1mark); There is the largest amount of water in the river; The flood plain/river/valley is widest/more flat land near river ; Meandering/oxbow lake.  2 @ 1 mark	<b>2</b>
3(a)(iii)	Ideas such as: Hydraulic action/bed and bank material loosened by power of water; Corrosion/rocks like limestone dissolved by acids in river water; Corrasion/river picks up loose materials and uses them to grind the bed and banks; Attrition/materials reduced in size as they hit each other when being carried or moved around by river; Vertical erosion in B/in the hills/near source; Lateral in A/near mouth; Erosion on outside of meanders.  3 @ 1 mark	<b>3</b>
3(a)(iv)	Ideas such as: River is carrying large amount of sediment ; River slows/stops; Loses/does not have energy(to move all the load)/cannot carry load; Occurs on inner bends of meanders; River may flood; Sediment seals the neck of the oxbow lake.  4 @ 1 mark	<b>4</b>
3(b)(i)	Agriculture/grazing/farmland/fertile soils/growing crops/cultivation/keeping animals; Fishing/fish market/fish farming; Transportation/moving cargo/imports/exports; Tourism; Industry; Flat land for building.  3 @ 1 mark	<b>3</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
3(b)(ii)	<p>Ideas such as:            Flooding/floods;            People die/drown;            Crocodiles/snakes etc;            Damage to/destruction of property/homes/possessions;            Damage to business or example;            Loss of earnings/jobs;            Disruption to transport/flooding of road/railways;            Erosion threatens farmland/homes etc;            Reduce food production/crops washed away/farm animals/livestock killed;            The area may have mosquitos/threat of malaria/dengue fever;            Waterborne disease;            e.g. typhoid.            etc.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">5 @ 1 mark or development</p>	<b>5</b>
3(c)	<p>Levels marking</p> <p><u>Level 1</u> (1–3 marks)            Statements including limited detail which explain how a delta is formed.</p> <p><u>Level 2</u> (4–6 marks)            More developed statements which explain how a delta is formed.</p> <p><u>Level 3</u> (7 marks)            Comprehensive and accurate statements including fully labelled diagram.</p> <p><u>Content Guide:</u>            Answers are likely to refer to:            River carries large amount of load;            River slows/loses strength/can't carry sediment            Flocculation,            Deposition,            Formation of distributaries/new channels,            Build up of new land,            Colonization by vegetation,            Lack of strong currents etc</p>	<b>7</b>