

# History Higher level and standard level Paper 1

Tuesday 9 May 2017 (afternoon)

1 hour

#### Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- The history higher level and standard level paper 1 source booklet is required for this examination paper.
- Answer all questions from one section using the relevant sources in the source booklet.
- · The maximum mark for this examination paper is [24 marks].

Section	Questions
Prescribed subject 1: Military leaders	1 – 4
Prescribed subject 2: Conquest and its impact	5 – 8
Prescribed subject 3: The move to global war	9 – 12
Prescribed subject 4: Rights and protest	13 – 16
Prescribed subject 5: Conflict and intervention	17 – 20



#### Prescribed subject 1: Military leaders

Read sources A to D in the source booklet and answer questions 1 to 4. The sources and questions relate to Case study 1: Genghis Khan c1200–1227 – Campaigns: Mongol invasion of China: attacks on the Jin dynasty; capture of Beijing (1215).

- 1. (a) What, according to Source B, were the problems facing the Mongols in launching an attack against the Jin? [3]
  - (b) What does Source D suggest about the Mongol battles with the Jin? [2]
- 2. With reference to its origin, purpose and content, analyse the value and limitations of Source B for an historian studying the Mongol invasion of north China. [4]
- 3. Compare and contrast what Sources A and C reveal about the Jin defeats in 1211. [6]
- 4. Using the sources and your own knowledge, examine the view that Jin mistakes were the main reason for Genghis Khan's success in China. [9]

# Prescribed subject 2: Conquest and its impact

Read sources E to H in the source booklet and answer questions 5 to 8. The sources and questions relate to Case study 1: The final stages of Muslim rule in Spain – Context and motives: Social and economic context in Iberia and Al-Andalus in the late 15th century; heavy taxation.

- **5.** (a) How, according to Source F, did the Treaty of Granada affect the relationship between the Granadans and the queen and king of Castile and Aragon? [3]
  - (b) What does Source H suggest about the political relations between Muslim and Christian rulers? [2]
- 6. With reference to its origin, purpose and content, analyse the value and limitations of Source F for an historian studying the final years of the Muslim kingdom of Granada. [4]
- 7. Compare and contrast what Sources E and G reveal about the obligations of the Muslims to the Christian kings. [6]
- 8. Using the sources and your own knowledge, examine the contribution of financial issues to the fall of Granada. [9]



## Prescribed subject 3: The move to global war

Read sources I to L in the source booklet and answer questions 9 to 12.

The sources and questions relate to Case study 1: Japanese expansion in East Asia (1931–1941) –

Responses: International response, including US initiatives and increasing tensions between the US and Japan.

- 9. (a) What, according to Source K, were the factors contributing to tensions between Japan and the US? [3]
  - ) What does Source L suggest about Japanese expansion? [2]
- **10.** With reference to its origin, purpose and content, analyse the value and limitations of Source K for an historian studying the tensions between the US and Japan. [4]
- Compare and contrast what Sources I and J reveal about the increasing tensions between the US and Japan.
- 12. "Mutual fear led to increasing tensions between the US and Japan." Using the sources and your own knowledge, to what extent do you agree with this statement? [9]

# Prescribed subject 4: Rights and protest

Read sources M to P in the source booklet and answer questions 13 to 16. The sources and questions relate to Case Study 1: Civil rights movement in the United States (1954–1965) – Nature and characteristics of discrimination: Segregation and education; Brown versus Board of Education decision (1954).

- 13. (a) Why, according to Source P, was the Supreme Court's decision in Brown II (1955) a victory for white southerners but a disappointment for black leaders? [3]
  - (b) What does Source N suggest about the characteristics of opposition to desegregation? [2]
- **14.** With reference to its origin, purpose and content, analyse the value and limitations of Source O for an historian studying Brown v Board of Education (1954). [4]
- 15. Compare and contrast what Sources M and O reveal about attitudes to the desegregation of US schools.
  [6]
- Using the sources and your own knowledge, evaluate the impact of the Brown v Board of Education decision on desegregation in US schools up to the end of 1957.



[2]

## Prescribed subject 5: Conflict and intervention

Read sources Q to T in the source booklet and answer questions 17 to 20. The sources and questions relate to Case study 2: Kosovo (1989–2002) – Causes of the conflict: Ethnic tensions between Serbs and Kosovar Albanians, rising Albanian nationalism.

- 17. (a) How, according to Source Q, were Albanians portrayed by Serbian propaganda? [3]
  - (b) What does Source R suggest about the perceptions some Serbian high school students had of Albanians in 1986?
- 18. With reference to its origin, purpose and content, analyse the value and limitations of Source S for an historian studying the rise of ethnic tensions between Serbs and Kosovar Albanians during the 1990s.
- 19. Compare and contrast what Sources S and T reveal about the relations between Albanians and Serbs in Kosovo. [6]
- 20. Using the sources and your own knowledge, examine the reasons for the rise of ethnic nationalism in Kosovo during the early 1990s. [9]

